AUDIT NEWSLETTER - 1st EDITION

(1) Road map to IFRSs adoption in Vietnam; (2) Recording shipping expenses of Merchandise from supplier to customer





ROAD MAP TO IFRSs ADOPTION IN VIETNAM

What is IFRS?

"The International Financial Reporting
Standards (IFRS) are accounting standards that
are issued by the International Accounting
Standards Board (IASB) with the objective of
providing a common accounting language to
increase transparency in the presentation of
financial information"

IFRS = International Financial Reporting Standards

IASB: International Accounting Standard Board

- IAS: In 1973 and 2000, IASC issued International Standards (IAS, SIC)
- IFRS: From 2001, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued concepts of accounting called the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS & IFRIC)

Until now, IASB issued 16 IFRS and 41 IAS

According to survey of the IFRS Foundation, conducted with 166 countries, until September 2018, there are 144 countries required to apply IFRSs for public interest entities and financial entities, there are 22 countries did not apply IFRSs including Vietnam



ROAD MAP TO IFRSs ADOPTION IN VIETNAM

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Pilot – Discretionary

Prepare

Consolidate financi	Separate financial statement	
Obligatory	Discretionary	Enterprise have the need of presented financial statement
Parent companies of state economic groups	Other parent companies spontaneously apply IFRSs for	and have enough resource can apply IFRSs or Ministry of Finance select to apply IFRSs
Listed enterprise	consolidate financial statement	
Public macro-companies are parent companies but are not listed		

Enterprise have the need of presented financial statement and have enough resource can apply IFRSs or Ministry of Finance select to apply IFRSs

- Parent companies of state economic groups have loans sponsor by international financial institution
- Listed enterprise
- Public macro-companies are parent companies but are not listed

- FDI enterprise have the need of presented financial statement and have enough resource can apply IFRSs
- Others: Applying VAS

Ministry of Finance prepare all necessary conditions to support enterprises to conduct and apply IFRSs

Publishing IFRS translation in Vietnamese

Training human resources, building guidance for applying IFRSs...



SHIPPING EXPENSES FROM SUPPLIER TO CUSTOMER

Recording shipping expenses when transferring merchandise from supplier to customer

Matching Principle

The recognition of revenues and that of costs must match. When a revenues is recognized, a corresponding cost related to the creation of such revenue must be recognized. Costs corresponding to revenues include costs of the period in which revenues are created and costs of the previous periods or payable costs related to the revenues of such period

RSM viewpoint

Shipping expenses allocated to Cost of goods sold

If terms of contract present that goods were transfer from warehouse of supplier to customer and seller must pay shipping fees

Cost of sale = Cost of goods sold + shipping fees + % Margin profit

Practice

1. Recorded into COGS

Recording to COGS if term of contract present Selling price of merchandise and shipping fees separately

=> Matching principle

2. Recorded into selling expense

Did not record to COGS if term of contract don't present Selling price of merchandise and shipping fees separately

=> Shipping fees recorded as expense incurred during the process of selling products

Classify shipping fees as 02 cases above lead to some conflicts as details:

	Case 1	Case 2
Revenue	Including sale of merchandise + shipping fees	Including sale of merchandise + shipping fees
cogs	Cost of goods sold + shipping fees	Cost of goods sold
Profit	Reflecting appropriately	Reflecting higher (Because COGS did not include shipping fees)

Company considers recording shipping fees to present financial statement appropriately



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